United States Department of Agriculture Forest Service Northeastern Area State & Private Forestry 180 Canfield Street Morgantown, WV 26505



Reply To: 3460

Date: January 6, 1993

Mr. Roger Smith
Resource Manager
Engineering and Housing
Department of the Army
Fort Dix, NJ 08640

Dear Roger:

On November 16, 1992, USDA Forest Service personnel conducted a gypsy moth egg mass survey at Fort Dix Military Reservation. The purpose of this survey was to determine gypsy moth population densities and to assess the potential for defoliation and the need for treatment in 1993.

The results of this survey are presented in Table 1. The survey plot locations are shown in Figure 1a and 1b. In brief, egg mass densities ranged from 0-680 and averaged 102 egg masses per acre. No noticeable defoliation is expected to be caused by this gypsy moth population level. Treatment at Fort Dix is not necessary in 1993.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please call me at 304-285-1541.

Sincerely,

RODNEY L. WHITEMAN

Forestry Technician

Forest Health Protection

Rodney L'Whiteman

Enclosures

cc: AO

John Kegg, NJDA

RLW/ct



Table 1. -- Gypsy Moth Egg Mass Survey Results at Fort Dix Military Reservation, November 16, 1992

Plot Number	Number EM/Acre
1	0
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0
3	200
4	600
5	0
6	0
7	0
8	0
9 "	240
10	40
11	0
12	120
13 14	680
14	0
15	80
16	0 *
17	0
17 18	0
19	0
20	0
21	0
22	400
23	0
23 24	120
25	160
25 26	0

Range = 0-680 EM/Acre Average = 102 EM/Acre

Figure 1b. -- Gypsy moth egg mass survey plot locations at Fort Dix Military Reservation, November 16, 1992. RESERVATION PBERTÓN RESERVATION MILITARY O - Plot locations 7000 FEET

CONTOUR INTERVAL 10 FEET DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL